

Georg Friedrich von Waldeck



Georg Friedrich von Waldeck (1620-1692) – His military career began at the age of 21 in the army of the Dutch Republic. From 1651 onwards he served the elector of Brandenburg and in 1655 with the rank of a general, he reorganized the territorial defense in Ducal Prussia. He took part in the battle at Warszawa in 1656, the same year he was defeated by Hetman Gosiewski at Prostki. He soon afterward avenged this defeat with a victory at Filipów. He supported the policy of the Swedish King Carl X Gustav and this led to a conflict with the elector and Waldeck's sacking. Until 1660 he fought for the Swedes and later during the war against the Turks. In 1664 we will find him in the ranks of the imperial army. As a commander of the Reich's contingent, he took part in the relief of Vienna in 1683. He died while serving the Dutch Republic.

Commander

Formation	Move	Armor	Morale	Skill	Close Combat	Shooting	Weapons	Effectiveness	Range	Special rules
von Waldeck	20/4/10	4	7	5	1	1	Hand weapon	0	CC	Commander
							Pistols	0	5	Scarce ammunition

Waldeck can be fielded in several different ways:

- 1. At the Skirmish Level** – as the commander of a Skirmish Force: Forces Under the Command of Georg Friedrich von Waldeck – September-October 1656.
- 2. At the Task Force Level**

On both of these levels Waldeck has 4 Command Points and the *Cautious* Special Rule.

Cautious

All units from his army start the game with a free Defense Order (unless the scenario states otherwise). It can be changed in the first round for Command Points.

The Defense Order costs him 1 point less (no less than 1 point). Charge Order costs him 1 point more.

At the Task Force level he may command the following structures.

Territorial Defense 1655-1660

The cost of Task Force is increased by 2 points. Waldeck has the additional special rule: *Prussian Militia Re-organizer*.

Prussian Militia Re-organizer

The Task Force receives 2 additional Supply Points. For 1 FSP you may add 4 bases of Prussian musketeers and increase the existing units above the limit (by adding no more than two bases per unit). You may do this only once.

Brandenburgian-Swedish Task Force 1656-1657

The cost of Task Force is increased by 2 points. Waldeck has the additional special rule: *Side by Side with Swedes*.

Side by Side with Swedes

Swedes (both units and commander) are not treated as Allies, but as normal Brandenburgian units both for battlefield command and for Motivation calculation.

3. **On Divisional level** (see "Armies of By Fire and Sword. Volume I" p. 93-95)

Forces Under the Command of Georg Friedrich von Waldeck – September-October 1656.

After the battle of Warszawa ended the Elector Frederick Wilhelm was not interested in pursuing the Polish forces, but most of all in securing Ducal Prussia attacked by Lithuanians and strengthening his position in Wielkopolska. Georg Friedrich von Waldeck was sent to do the latter. He garrisoned several cities (among them Łęczyca and Kalisz) but already on 26 August he received orders to leave for Prussia with his reiters, to defend them from the forces gathering under the command of Field Hetman Wincenty Gosiewski. The Graf had several regiments of reiters under his command, including his own led by Oberwachmeister von Hüllen and the elector's guard regiment led by Lieutenant Colonel von Polenz, as well as dragoons commanded by Captain Hochendorf, and 3 cannons. However the Brandenburgian and Prussian regiments suffered heavy losses during the battle of Warszawa and the campaign in Wielkopolska, and many soldiers were ill, as a result most regiments were low on men. In total Waldeck had about 1400 reiters and 200 dragoons under his command. These forces – after joining the units led by Prince Bogusław Radziwiłł, took part in the lost battle at Prostki (8 October 1656) and – after being reinforced with Derfflinger's corps – fought in the won battle at Filipów (22 October 1656).



Special Rules

Waldeck's Regiment

If the companies/squadrons from Waldeck's regiment are within 20cm of Waldeck they receive +1 Morale. They are not considered when establishing the number of units for the "Small Companies" Special Rule and cannot suffer losses as a result of this rule.


The Guards Regiment

The guards regiment companies have Skill of 5. If companies/squadrons from the guards regiment are within 20cm of von Polenz they receive +1 Morale. They are not considered when establishing the number of units for the "Small Companies" Special Rule and cannot suffer losses as a result of this rule.

Forces Under the Command of Georg Friedrich von Waldeck - September-October 1656.

Special rules:
MILITARY DRILL, SMALL COMPANIES, WALDECK'S REGIMENT, GUARD REGIMENT



 Georg Friedrich von Waldeck

FSP: 5

 Reiter company (Waldeck)

 Reiter company (Guard)

 Reiter company

 Dragoon company

FSP: 6

 Reiter company (Waldeck)

 Reiter company (Guard)

FSP: 7

 Reiter company (Waldeck)

 Dragoon company

FSP: 8

 Reiter company

 Reiter company (Guard)

FSP: 9

 Reiter company

 Reiter company

FSP: 10

 Reiter company

 Reiter company


Lt. Colonel von Polenz 




Oberwachmeister von Hülsen 

Regimental guns 3 pdr



NOTES:

- * All reiter and dragoon companies are Brandenburgian
- * You may field some reiters (any) in Armours. If you field 1-3 bases it's free. If you field 4-6 bases it costs 1 FSP.
- * Half of the reiter bases can be equipped with arquebuses. You may equip all reiters with arquebuses for 1 FSP. If you don't field reiters with arquebuses you may replace one single-base company (any) with two-base company.

- * Single base companies may not operate independently. You have to deploy them in squadrons (at least two bases) with other companies.
- +1 FSP for Lt. Colonel von Polenz .
- +1 FSP for Oberwachmeister von Hülsen .
- * If you field FSP:9 or 10 level, you may field von Hülsen for free.
- +1 FSP for 3 bases of reiters.
- +1 FSP for regimental gun 3 pdr.